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Editor's note

This note is produced every Friday by the KPMG Center for Healthcare Regulatory Insight and is intended to be short and succinct, no more than 360 words, to provide a digestible bite of healthcare and life sciences news from the past week. Please share this email with colleagues and other interested individuals, and encourage them to subscribe to our mailing list here.

We welcome your feedback. Let us know if KPMG can help. Please <u>reply</u> here to me, Larry Kocot, principal and national leader, KPMG Center for Healthcare Regulatory Insight or simply reply to this email with any comments or requests.



Special Supplement: COVID-19 News

In light of the continuing daily volume of COVID-19 activity and news, we have summarized COVID-19 news for the week in this special supplement.





Healthcare regulatory news

CMS reported that <u>3M individuals enrolled in 2022 ACA</u> coverage through November 27th... CMS is <u>seeking comment</u> on improving organ transplant programs, <u>advancing equity and reducing disparities</u>, and enhancing quality of life for those with organ failure... CMMI <u>ended the seriously-ill-population component of the Primary Care First model</u> due to low interest in participation.

OMB is <u>reviewing a 340B dispute resolution proposed rule</u>, although its purpose/policy is unclear.

HHS <u>warned heath systems about the possibility</u> of "zero-day" cyberattacks.

President Biden unveiled a five-year National HIV/AIDS Strategy.





Healthcare law and policy news

Congress <u>passed an 11-week continuing resolution</u> to prevent a government shutdown; the CR <u>does not delay pending Medicare sequester and PAYGO cuts</u>.

Supreme Court heard arguments in cases on <u>calculation of Medicare</u> <u>disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payments</u> and <u>cuts to</u> Medicare340B drug reimbursement.

A <u>federal jury found CVS</u>, <u>Walgreens</u>, <u>and Walmart guilty</u> of recklessly distributing large quantities of opioids in two Ohio counties... A jury found that <u>UnitedHealthcare underpaid TeamHealth clinicians</u> for emergency services... An appeals court <u>upheld a challenge to a patent covering Biogen's multiple-sclerosis drug, Tecfidera</u>, paving the <u>way for generic competition from Mylan</u>.

Pfizer and Amazon Web Services will <u>collaborate on cloud-based</u> <u>solutions to enhance drug development and continuous manufacturing processes</u>... CVS and Microsoft will <u>partner on digital transformation</u> and co-develop healthcare products... Beginning January 3, Amgen <u>will no longer offer 340B discounts</u> to contract pharmacies.

KPMG, EBG, and FP reported that <u>announced/closed healthcare and life sciences deals volume through October</u> already exceeds that of 2020... Blueprint Medicines will <u>pay \$250M upfront to acquire Lengo Therapeutics.</u>.. Sanofi will <u>acquire Origimm Biotechnology</u>.

A <u>RAND study</u> found that 67% of US patients would like at least some virtual healthcare visits in the future, but 53% prefer traditional in-office visits over a video visit for nonemergent care... An Urban Institute analysis estimated that <u>13 million adults delayed getting or didn't fill prescription drugs</u> prior to the pandemic due to costs; 25.4% of Medicare enrollees and 5.3% of privately-insured adults spend more than 1% of family income on prescription drug out-of-pocket costs.

More than 60 House members <u>urged CMS to quickly propose a</u> <u>replacement</u> for the repealed Medicare Coverage of Innovative Technology rule.





Questions or comments, please send to <u>ushcinsight@kpmg.com</u>.

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COVID-19 by the Numbers

There have now been <u>roughly 48.8 million confirmed COVID-19 cases</u> in the US, with a death toll over 785,000... Cases are <u>averaging over 85,000/day</u> over the past week, with deaths averaging over 800/day.

462 million COVID-19 <u>vaccine doses have been administered</u> in the US (roughly 950,000/day over the past week)... More than 234 million Americans (<u>81% of Americans 12 and older</u>) have received at least one COVID-19 vaccine dose; nearly 198 million Americans are fully vaccinated (69.5% of Americans 12 and older); nearly 43 million Americans have received a booster or additional dose.

As of this morning, at least nine <u>cases of the Omicron variant</u> have been identified in five states across the country... President Biden said the <u>variant was a "cause for concern, not a cause for panic"</u> and that the Administration would focus on controlling the virus through vaccination and testing, not through lockdowns.

Executive and Administrative Action

The White House <u>released a comprehensive strategy</u> for addressing the pandemic this winter, including vaccination and boosters campaigns, <u>increased testing requirements</u> for travelers entering the country, extended mask mandates on public transportation, and private health insurance coverage of rapid, athome tests... Earlier in the week, the Biden Administration <u>banned travel to the United States from South Africa and seven other</u> African countries.

As result of the variant, CDC recommended that <u>all individuals 18 and older "should" get a booster</u> COVID-19 vaccine dose.

The World Health Organization (WHO) classified the new <u>Omicron COVID-19 variant as a "variant of concern"</u> and urged member states to <u>increase COVID-19 vaccinations "as rapidly as possible"</u>... WHO also <u>recommended COVID-19 vaccines for children</u>, while encouraging continued sharing of vaccines across the globe.

HHS is distributing \$7.5B to more than 40,000 rural healthcare providers to help offset increased expenses and revenue losses during the pandemic.

A Missouri district court temporarily blocked the Biden Administration from enforcing its healthcare worker vaccine requirement in 10 states, writing that the mandate was "arbitrary and capricious"; the Department of Justice appealed the ruling... A Louisiana federal district court ruling subsequently halted the vaccine requirement nationwide until a lawsuit from 14 states has been resolved; the Administration also appealed that ruling... Due to ongoing legal action, CMS suspended enforcement or implementation of the vaccine requirement.

An Administration official clarified that federal agencies will not cut ties with contractors that are making a "good-faith effort" to push employees to full COVID-19 vaccination by the January 4 requirement deadline (e.g., workers that have only received one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine).

Healthcare Law, Business, and Policy News

A Willis Towers Watson <u>survey found that 84% of employers</u> plan to offer COVID-19 testing or test employees regularly as they return to in-person work; 57% require or plan to require COVID-19 vaccination... A Morning Consult survey found that <u>over three-quarters of Americans support</u> strengthening ventilation systems (81%), social distancing (79%), travel restrictions (78%), increased testing and contract tracing (76%), and providing vaccines in low-income countries (76%) to ensure public safety with the Omicron virus variant... A KFF <u>survey found that 23% of vaccinated American adults</u> have received a COVID-19 vaccine booster dose; 37% of other vaccinated adults plan to get a booster, while 18% say they probably will not (10%) or definitely will not (8%) get a booster.

Surveillance, Testing, and Treatment

FDA plans to speed review of vaccines and therapeutics targeting the Omicron variant.

The White House is already working with Pfizer-BioNTech, Moderna, Johnson & Johnson, FDA, and CDC to prepare for quick development and authorization of vaccines and boosters to target the variant; vaccine manufacturers have <u>already begun development of updated vaccines</u>... WHO <u>said existing</u> <u>vaccines will likely protect</u> against severe cases from the variant.

An <u>NEJM study found</u> although both the Pfizer-BioNTech and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines are more than 90% effective, recipients of the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine had a 27% higher risk of being infected and a 70% higher risk of hospitalization than those who received the Moderna vaccine.

Pfizer <u>accused a former employee</u> of <u>stealing more than 12,000 files</u>, including confidential documents related to its COVID-19 vaccine.

A federal court <u>dismissed two patent challenges</u> from Moderna over components involved in producing its COVID-19 vaccine, paving the <u>way for potential patent infringement suits</u> from Arbutus Biopharma.

South Africa's Aspen Pharmacare <u>signed non-binding terms with J&J in hopes of establishing a licensing deal</u> to package and sell J&J's COVID-19 vaccine in Africa... AstraZeneca is <u>dropping plans to test its</u> <u>COVID-19 vaccine</u> as a booster in the United States.

An FDA advisory committee recommended 13-10 that the agency authorize Merck's COVID-19 antiviral pill molnupiravir developed with Ridgeback Biotherapeutics... Several committee members expressed reservations about authorization, given full clinical trial data released last week showed that the pill reduced the risk of hospitalization by only 30%, down from 50% reported in earlier clinical trial results. Other concerns about the antiviral raised by the committee were birth defects caused in animal trials, the possibility it could lead to additional viral mutations, and questions about if it could cause permanent changes to DNA. Many committee members recommended that FDA authorize the pill for a narrow set of patients and that authorization be reconsidered as additional therapeutics become available.

Preliminary tests indicate the COVID-19 <u>monoclonal antibody treatments from Regeneron and Eli Lilly</u> may lose effectiveness against the Omicron variant, while GlaxoSmithKline and Vir Biotechnology said their <u>COVID-19</u> antibody treatment was effective against the variant in early lab tests.

FDA <u>reauthorized the use of Eli Lilly's combination monoclonal antibody in all 50 states</u> and all U.S. territories and jurisdictions based on low frequency of variants resistant to the therapy.

Pfizer announced that it <u>plans to manufacture 80 million treatment courses of its COVID-19 antiviral pill,</u> up from a previous forecast of 50 million courses.

Following CMS permissive guidance last week encouraging Part D plan payment of dispensing fees for emergency authorized COVID-19 antiviral pills without beneficiary cost sharing, six pharmacy groups are <u>urging CMS to require the Part D payments</u>.