

November 19, 2021 | Issue 198

Editor's note

This note is produced every Friday by the <u>KPMG Center for Healthcare</u> <u>Regulatory Insight</u> and is intended to be short and succinct, no more than 360 words, to provide a digestible bite of healthcare and life sciences news from the past week. Please share this email with colleagues and other interested individuals, and encourage them to <u>subscribe to our mailing list</u> here.

We welcome your feedback. Let us know if KPMG can help. Please <u>reply</u> <u>here to me</u>, **Larry Kocot**, principal and national leader, KPMG Center for Healthcare Regulatory Insight or simply reply to this email with any comments or requests.



Special Supplements: COVID-19 News

In light of the continuing daily volume of COVID-19 activity and news, we have summarized COVID-19 news for the week in this special supplement.





Healthcare regulatory news

An <u>HHS-Labor-Treasury interim final rule</u> requires employer health plans and other insurance plans to <u>report prescription drug/health</u> <u>coverage costs</u>; data will be used to <u>evaluate drug pricing trends</u> and rebates, and impacts on premiums/out-of-pocket costs... HHS <u>delayed by six months</u> the deadline for <u>pharmaceutical manufacturers to comply</u> with Medicaid "best price" calculation changes.

CMS announced <u>standard 2022 Medicare Part B premiums will increase</u> from \$148.50 to \$170.01, the largest increase in 15 years, largely attributable to <u>a "contingency reserve"</u> pending coverage decisions on Biogen's Aduhelm... a European Medicines Agency advisory panel <u>appears unlikely to approve</u> Aduhelm.

CMS reported 1,624,349 individuals (286,905 new enrollees) selected ACA coverage during open enrollment week 1/2...CMS guidance permits hospitals to co-locate, as long as each entity complies with Medicare/Medicaid participation requirements... CMS leadership outlined principles for expanding coverage, improving equity, and encouraging innovation in Medicaid/CHIP.

CMS reported it reduced improper Medicare fee-for-service payments 2014-2021 by over \$20B and improper payments were down to a record 6.26% in FY2021; the Medicaid improper FY2021 payment rate was 21.69% or \$98.72B.





Healthcare law and policy news

House passed Democrats' social spending reconciliation bill with several healthcare provisions... CBO estimated expansion provisions would cost roughly \$300B, but be largely offset by drug pricing provisions; the overall package would add \$160B to the deficit over 10 years.

A federal judge approved a \$345M Pfizer settlement over alleged EpiPen price-gouging.

Novo Nordisk <u>will acquire Dicerna Pharmaceuticals</u> (\$3.3B)... Kaufman Hall <u>will acquire Healthcare Real Estate Capital</u>... Jefferson Health and BAYADA <u>plan to form a home health joint venture</u>... CVS will <u>close about 900 stores over the next three years</u> to focus on digital strategies.

BLS reported <u>589,000</u> healthcare industry workers left their jobs in September, the highest one-month in 20 years... CDC <u>data show</u> for the first time <u>more than 100,000</u> Americans died from drug overdoses in a 12-month period... ICER reported drug manufacturers significantly <u>raised prices on seven widely used medicines in 2020 without new clinical evidence to justify increases.</u>

Representatives Diana DeGette (D-CO) and Fred Upton (R-MI) <u>unveiled Cures 2.0</u> legislation, including <u>provisions</u> to enhance biomedical research, <u>overhaul federal telehealth policy</u>, expedite medical device approval, and provide \$6.5B for President Biden's proposed biomedical research agency.





Questions or comments, please send to $\underline{\text{us-hcinsight@kpmg.com}}$.

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COVID-19 by the Numbers

There have now been <u>roughly 47.5 million confirmed COVID-19 cases</u> in the US, with a death toll over 765,000... Cases are <u>up roughly 20% over the last two weeks</u> (nearly <u>90,000/day</u>) with higher increases in parts of the Upper Midwest and New England.

445 million COVID-19 <u>vaccine doses have been administered</u> in the US (roughly 1.26 million/day over the past week)... More than 228.5 million Americans (79.8% of Americans 12 and older) have received at least one COVID-19 vaccine dose; over 195.7 million Americans are fully vaccinated (69% of Americans 12 and older); 32.5 million Americans have received a booster dose... The White House reported that roughly 10% of eligible children (2.6M) have received a first dose of Pfizer's COVID-19 vaccine.

Executive and Administrative Action

The White House <u>announced plans to invest billions of dollars</u> to expand US manufacturing capabilities for COVID-19 vaccines and produce at least 1 billion doses a year to increase the supply for poorer countries.

The 5th Circuit Court of Appeals <u>extended its order halting OSHA</u> from enforcing the mandate that businesses with more than 100 employees require COVID-19 vaccination or proof of a negative test, criticizing the rule as "fatally flawed"... The 6th Circuit Court of Appeals <u>will next consider the case</u> and a response from the Biden Administration... OSHA was developing <u>new guidance on individual exemptions</u> to the vaccine requirements, although it has paused implementation work pending legal resolution.

President Biden <u>directed agencies to share real-time data</u> about eligibility for federal COVID-19 benefits to prevent distribution of benefits to deceased individuals.

CMS guidance lifts restrictions on nursing home visitation.

HHS <u>withdrew a Trump Administration rule</u> that blocked FDA from requiring premarket review of certain laboratory-developed tests, including COVID-19 tests.

Healthcare Law, Business, and Policy News

More than 60 healthcare groups, including the AMA, <u>urged employers to voluntarily adopt</u> the Biden Administration's employer vaccine mandate.

A Morning Consult survey found that 70% of American adults are concerned about another pandemic happening in their lifetime; just 47% of respondents believe the country will be prepared to handle the public health impacts of another health crisis like COVID-19... A KFF study found that 60% of

<u>unvaccinated Americans</u> identify as Republicans, compared to just 17% who identify as Democrats and 17% who identify as Independents.

Surveillance, Testing, and Treatment

The FDA <u>authorized booster shots</u> of the Pfizer-BioNTech and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines for all adults... CDC's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) <u>will meet today</u> to discuss expanded eligibility of the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine; it's unclear if they will formally consider the Moderna vaccine.

Moderna <u>applied for emergency use authorization</u> of COVID-19 vaccine booster doses for all adults 18 and older... Moderna is also <u>nearing a deal with COVAX to provide millions more COVID-19 vaccine doses</u> to low- and middle-income countries over the next year.

A <u>comparative study</u> of Pfizer-BioNTech's, AstraZeneca's, Sputnik V, and Sinopharm COVID-19 vaccines found that Pfizer-BioNTech's vaccine produced the strongest immune response, while Sinopharm's was most susceptible to breakthrough infection from variants.

Novavax is <u>facing a class action lawsuit from shareholders</u> alleging that the company misled investors about how soon its COVID-19 vaccine could be ready for emergency use authorization.

Pfizer applied for emergency use authorization of its COVID-19 antiviral pill, Paxlovid, in combination with Abbvie's ritonavir to treat mild-to-moderate disease in unvaccinated patients who are at increased risk for hospitalization or death... The federal government will buy 10 million courses of the antiviral treatment for \$5.29 billion... Pfizer also reached a licensing agreement with the Medicines Patent Pool for its COVID-19 antiviral pill, allowing the UN-backed organization to establish arrangements with other manufacturers to produce versions of the drug for low- and middle-income countries.

AstraZeneca reported that its <u>injectable COVID-19</u> antibody treatment was 83% effective at preventing <u>symptomatic disease</u>, while significantly reducing serious illness in those who did become infected.

U.S. government <u>agreed to buy roughly 300,000 more doses (\$651.1M) of the monoclonal antibody developed by GlaxoSmithKline and Vir Biotechnology</u>, bringing its total order to nearly \$1 billion.

A <u>JAMA</u> study found that use of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) antidepressants appears to reduce the risk of death in patients admitted to the hospital with severe COVID-19.

NIH launched a study on long-term COVID-19 in children.