

Around the world of U.S. healthcare in 360 words or less

Center for Healthcare Regulatory Insight

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Editor's note

This note is produced every Friday by the <u>KPMG Center for Healthcare</u> <u>Regulatory Insight</u> and is intended to be short and succinct, no more than 360 words, to provide a digestible bite of healthcare and life sciences news from the past week. Please share this email with colleagues and other interested individuals, and encourage them to <u>subscribe to our mailing list</u> <u>here</u>.

We welcome your feedback. Let us know if KPMG can help. Please <u>reply</u> <u>here to me</u>, **Larry Kocot**, principal and national leader, KPMG Center for Healthcare Regulatory Insight or simply reply to this email with any comments or requests.

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Special Supplement: COVID-19 News

In light of the continuing daily volume of COVID-19 activity and news, we have summarized <u>COVID-19 news for the week in this special supplement</u>.

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Healthcare regulatory news

CMS will increase 2022 payments to <u>hospital-based ESRD</u> (3.3%) and <u>freestanding ESRD facilities</u> (2.5%), <u>home health</u> (2.6%); and <u>outpatient services</u> (2.0%)... CMS will allow a <u>temporary 3.75%</u> payment increase for physician services to expire and increase penalties for hospitals non-compliant with price transparency requirement (upwards of \$5,500/day or <u>\$2M per year</u>).

FDA issued <u>medical device software draft guidance</u> on pre-market application documentation requirements, based on device and software risk level.

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Healthcare law and policy news

Senate Democrats <u>announced an agreement on drug pricing reform</u>, including allowing Medicare to negotiate prices for 20 drugs by 2028; penalizing drug manufacturers for raising drug prices faster than inflation; and capping Medicare Part D out-of-pocket spending (\$2,000/year)... Based on CBO analysis, the White House estimated the <u>drug pricing provisions would save \$100B</u>, while repeal of the Trump Administration rebate rule would save \$150B... The House is <u>expected to vote on the \$1.75T reconciliation bill</u> and infrastructure package today.

The Texas Medical Association <u>sued HHS over the interim final rule to</u> <u>implement</u> the *No Surprises Act...* A <u>federal court ruled</u> that HHS was "arbitrary and capricious" in <u>asserting enforcement penalty authority</u> <u>over drug manufacturers that do not pass on 340B discounts</u> to contract pharmacies... A California superior court ruled that <u>several</u> <u>manufacturers did not mislead doctors and patients</u> about their opioid products... Geisinger <u>settled \$18.5M in Medicare hospice and home</u> <u>health</u> billing false claims... TeamHealth filed 10 lawsuits against UnitedHealth alleging underpayment of tens of millions of dollars.

Novartis <u>plans to sell its voting stake</u> in Roche back to the company (\$20.7B)... Jefferson Health <u>acquired the remaining 50% stake in</u> <u>Health Partners Plans</u> from <u>Temple University Health System</u> (\$305M)...

CVS plans to <u>launch physician-staffed primary care practices</u>... Moderna's CEO said that <u>early data on its flu vaccine could be</u> <u>available</u> in a few weeks.

HHS data show that the <u>rate of uninsured Americans in 2020 remained</u> relatively stable (between 8.6% to 9.7%) in 2020.

FAIR Health reported <u>telehealth use among privately-insured</u> <u>individuals</u> increased 12.9% from July to August in the South and 2.4% nationally... An <u>MGMA survey found that 91% of physician group</u> <u>practice executives</u> believe overall regulatory burden increased over the past 12 months, up from 86% in 2019.

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Questions or comments, please send to <u>ushcinsight@kpmg.com</u>.

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COVID-19 News Supplement

Center for Healthcare Regulatory Insight



COVID-19 by the Numbers

There have now been <u>roughly 46.3 million confirmed COVID-19 cases</u> in the US, with a death toll over 750,000... The country is <u>averaging roughly 70,000 new cases per day</u> over the past week, down 20% over the past two weeks; deaths per day are roughly 1,400, the same as last week... The global death toll from COVID-19 <u>passed 5 million</u>... CMS data show that the number of COVID-19 hospitalizations among older Americans dropped significantly since vaccine rollout.

425 million COVID-19 <u>vaccine doses have been administered</u> in the US (roughly 1.13 million/day over the past week)... More than 222.6 million Americans (<u>78.4% of Americans 12 and older</u>) have received at least one COVID-19 vaccine dose; over 193 million Americans are fully vaccinated (68.1% of Americans 12 and older); 21.5 million Americans have received a booster dose.

Executive and Administrative Action

A <u>CMS interim final rule</u> requires over 17 million eligible <u>staff at healthcare facilities</u> participating in Medicare and Medicaid to get vaccinated against COVID-19 by January 4... An OSHA emergency temporary standard requires <u>private employers with 100 or more employees to mandate COVID-19</u> <u>vaccinations</u> or <u>at least weekly testing</u> for all workers by January 4... the Administration <u>delayed the</u> <u>vaccine mandate deadline</u> for federal contractors from December 8 to January 4.

Guidance from the Safer Federal Workforce Task Force states <u>that federal contractors subject to vaccine</u> <u>COVID-19 requirements will be in charge</u> of determining and enforcing employee enforcement.

CMS clarified that the Pfizer-BioNTech <u>will be covered for children ages 5 to 11</u> under Medicare, Medicaid, the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), and in the commercial market without cost sharing.

BARDA and Emergent <u>BioSolutions mutually agreed to end a contract</u> under which Emergent set aside manufacturing capacity to rapidly supply vaccines during public health and pandemic threats.

Surveillance, Testing, and Treatment

Last Friday, FDA granted emergency use authorization to Pfizer-BioNTech's COVID-19 vaccine for children ages 5 to 11... On Tuesday, CDC Director Rochelle Walensky <u>endorsed a unanimous</u> recommendation from the CDC Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) for vaccinating children in that age group with the COVID-19 vaccine.

Moderna will <u>delay seeking FDA authorization for its COVID-19 vaccine</u> in children ages 6 to 11, after FDA notified the company that it would <u>need additional time to review approval of its vaccine in</u>

<u>children ages 12 to 17</u> due to potential risks of rare heart inflammation; FDA review may not be completed until January... Moderna <u>scaled back the number of COVID-19 vaccines</u> it plans to deliver this year to between 700 and 800 million, down from upwards of 1 billion.

World Health Organization (WHO) granted <u>emergency use authorization to Bharat Biotech's COVID-19</u> vaccine Covaxin.

The federal government <u>bought 614,000 additional doses (\$1.29B) of Eli Lilly's combo COVID-19</u> <u>monoclonal antibody</u> treatment; 400,000 doses will be delivered by December 31, with the rest to be provided by January 31... Meanwhile, Eli Lilly <u>retracted a request for European Union approval</u> of its monoclonal antibody treatment, citing a lack of demand from EU member states.

UK <u>regulators authorized Merck's antiviral pill molnupiravir</u> for use in patients at high-risk of developing severe COVID-19 requiring hospitalization... WHO is <u>seeking additional data from Merck about its</u> <u>antiviral pill</u> and hopes to issue guidance soon on its use for patients with mild to moderate cases.

Pfizer reported that its <u>experimental antiviral pill reduced the risk of death and hospitalization by 89%</u> in patients newly diagnosed with COVID-19.

NIH is supporting a <u>four-year study of potential long-term effects from COVID-19 in pregnant women</u> and children who contract the disease during pregnancy.